

Program Council Members:

Greg Arnold
 Ryan Blackwell
 Siobhan Brown
 Federico Cruz-Uribe, MD
 Connie Davis, MD
 Stephen Gockley, JD
 Carol Gipson
 Linda Gipson
 Bill Henkel
 David Jefferson
 Jennifer Johnson, Chair

Anji Jorstad
 Barbara Juarez
 Jeff Ketchel
 David Kincheloe, PhD
 Barbara LaBrash
 Laurel Lee
 Linda McCarthy
 Chris Phillips, Vice Chair
 Glenn Puckett
 Caitlin Safford
 Tom Sebastian
 Janette Schurman

Janet St. Clair
 Greg Winter
 Laura White
Staff Members:
 Liz Baxter
 Kyle Davidson
 Tiffany Edlin
 Emily Henke (contractor)
 Ross Howell
 Heather McGuinness
 Hillary Thomsen
 Leah Wainman
 Nicole Willis

DRAFT Agenda

Time	Topic	Purpose	Lead
1:00	1. Welcome and Meeting Agenda <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introductions • Review November Program Council minutes Attachment A) November 2 meeting minutes	Action: Approve August 2017 minutes	Jennifer (Liz)
1:05	2. Updates <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Deliverable <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Next Steps ○ Deadlines Attachment B) Summary of Project Plans Submitted Attachment C) Project Strategy Areas		Jennifer (Liz)
1:20	3. "Regional Health Needs Inventory" <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Please review section one of our deliverable • Come prepared with any questions. Link to section one here .		Nicole (Liz)
2:00	5. Program Council's Role Moving Forward <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Charter Review Attachment D) Program Council Charter	Recommend to the Board	Jennifer (Liz)
2:30	6. Other <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Other Updates • 2018 Calendar Attachment E) Diagram_MCO BHO ACH System Attachment F) Graphic Proposed Attachment G) Draft North Sound Proposed 2019		Jennifer Greg A. (liz)
2:50	7. Public Comment		Jennifer
3:00 or sooner	8. Adjourn		Jennifer

Program Council:

- | | | |
|---------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| ■ Greg Arnold | ■ David Jefferson | ■ Chris Phillips, Vice Chair |
| ■ Ryan Blackwell | ■ Jennifer Johnson, Chair | ■ Glenn Puckett |
| ■ Siobhan Brown | ■ Anji Jorstad | □ Caitlin Safford |
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| ■ Stephen Gockley, JD | ■ David Kincheloe, PhD | ■ Janet St. Clair |
| ■ Carol Gipson | □ Barbara LaBrash | ■ Greg Winter |
| ■ Linda Gipson | □ Laurel Lee (Jorge Rivera in Laurel's absence) | ■ Laura White |
| □ Bill Henkel | ■ Linda McCarthy | |

Staff Members:

- | | | |
|-----------------|----------------------------|-------------------|
| ■ Liz Baxter | ■ Emily Henke (contractor) | ■ Hillary Thomsen |
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Draft Minutes

Topic

1. Welcome and Meeting Agenda

- Motion: to approve September 7th meeting minutes, by Linda McCarthy; second by Glenn Puckett. All in favor, no oppositions or abstentions. Motion carries with 18 votes.

2. Updates

- **Board Decision**
 - At the September Board meeting the Board voted to move forward with all 8 project areas.
- **Health Care Authority News**
 - You would have received a few emails with these updates.
 - The same day as board vote, the HCA informed ACH's that there was going to be a 36% reduction in funds for our year one dollars.
 - They have since updated the reduction in funds to 25% and it may continue to lower.
 - This is due to fund allocation that has changed since the original negotiation of funds with CMS and the State.
 - The HCA has to re-compute the amount of money they have available for this work.
 - Currently, we have a draft deliverable for November 16 complete. We are staying the course and writing to all 8 project areas.
 - After the submission of the deliverable, we will be moving into a planning phase.
 - There is a new mitigation strategy to help counter the decrease in fund allocation.
 - Our submission is no longer binding until January 31st for our project area commitment.
 - There used to be a financial disincentive for regions that did not select at least 6 project areas, that is no longer the case.
 - Your score on your deliverable is associated with the percentage of funds you will earn. They will no longer be rounding down. If you score a 93% on your deliverable you will earn 93% of your year one funding rather than 90% as originally planned.
 - There is a point bonus system for ACHs that select more than 6 project areas.
 - HCA is moving away with the unearned funds pool, moving to an incentive pool for regions that select 6, 7, or 8 project areas.
 - In December we will submit a document that will have a list of partners who will receive funds in year one. We will be able to add to this list as time goes on.
 - Have been working with workgroup leads to help think through the decision of 8 project areas and the

new January 31st binding date.

- Voted to become a mid-adopter region. The funds that we will earn as a mid-adopter, will be looking to the interlocal leadership group to provide recommendations to our finance committee on how to spend funds.

3. Framing

- Liz reviewed the slides that were presented to the Board in August.
- It is okay for us to “fail,” and still earn some funding. Will be held accountable to region wide percentages.

4. Gathering Perspectives

- Program Council discussed the non-pie chart in great detail
- Board made a few recommendations last week, but we would like to hear from you all.
- No matter how much money we earn, it will not be enough money to support this work, so we will be looking to other funders and partners to leverage money.
- Want to ensure we scale up workforce to meet our needs down the road. (Trainings!)
- Some suggestions to remove “equally” from the diagram
- Would like flexibility on who and when agencies receive funds.
- Would like to consider communication elements
- Need to focus on capacity building
- Moving from provider volume to performance
- Strong desire from group to keep resiliency fund--support for making it a higher percentage if possible
- Would like to encourage partnership rather than silos within the split funds portion of the diagram.

5. Next Steps

- Will plan on reviewing charter at the next meeting
- Would like to discuss how to optimize our multi-sector table – how do we make a collective impact
- Would like to leverage shared goals and vision
- Would like to discuss initiative 3 around supportive housing measures for the future.

6. Public Comment

- No comment at this time

7. Adjourn at 2:59pm

Summary of Project Plans submitted November 16 by Accountable Communities of Health (ACHs)

The Medicaid Transformation Demonstration builds incentives for providers who are committed to changing how we deliver care. Each region, through its ACH, will pursue projects that transform the Medicaid delivery system, so that care focuses on the whole person and resources are used more effectively.

- The table below shows the project areas selected by ACHs. You can find the full Project Plans and supplemental workbooks on the [Healthier Washington website](#) under Initiative 1.
- **Important:** ACHs have until January 31, 2018 to amend the initial Project Plan submission before final review and approval. Therefore, selected projects in the table below and details within the documents linked above should be viewed as preliminary and subject to change.
- Washington's independent assessor will review and score the Project Plans based on the [criteria for project plan assessment](#). The independent assessor will conclude [the assessment process](#) by February 2018.
- At the conclusion of the assessment, the independent assessor will submit its findings to the Health Care Authority for final review and determination of Project Plan approval.
- Approved Project Plans will form the basis of Initiative 1 of Washington's Medicaid Transformation Demonstration.

Table of ACH projects submitted on November 16, 2017

	Better Health Together	Cascade Pacific Action Alliance	Greater Columbia ACH	King County ACH	North Central ACH	North Sound ACH	Olympic Community of Health	Pierce County ACH	Southwest Washington ACH
Project Areas									
Bi-directional integration of physical and behavioral health	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
Community-based care coordination	√	√			√	√		√	√
Transitional care		√	√	√	√	√			
Diversions interventions					√	√	√		
Addressing the opioid use public health crisis	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
Reproductive and maternal and child health		√				√	√		
Access to oral health services						√	√		
Chronic disease prevention and control	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√

NORTH SOUND ACH PROJECT STRATEGY AREAS

Person-centered Care Coordination

2B: Pathways Community HUB
 2B: PreManage Integration
 2B: Health Home Coordination

2C: Enhanced Care Transitions Interventions (CTI) Model
 2C: Jail Transitions
 2C: Inpatient Mental Health Transitions

2D: Community Paramedicine
 2D: Care Coordination Collaboratives for Complex Cross-System Cases

3C: Dental Case Finding and Navigation

Whole Person Care Delivery

2A: Screening (BH/chronic disease)
 2A: Brief counseling interventions (BH/chronic disease)
 2A: Medication Assisted Therapy (MAT) for depression and opioids
 2A: Registry Development
 2A: Treat-to-Target
 2A: Consultation (medical/psychiatric)
 2A: Referral to specialty providers

3A: Screening, Brief Intervention, and Referral to Treatment (SBIRT)
 3A: Enhance/expand community recovery services
 3A: Mobile treatment and outreach
 3A: Improve opioid prescribing practices
 3A: Scale up Medication Assisted Therapy (MAT)

3B: One Key Question
 3B: Increasing Long-Acting Reversible Contraception (LARC) access
 3B: HealthySteps specialists in pediatric practices

3C: Integrating Oral Health in primary care
 3C: Dental Health Aide Therapists (DHAT) in Tribal Clinics
 3C: ICD-10 coding in oral health
 3C: Mobile Hygienists in Community Settings
 3C: Silver Diamine Fluoride

3D: Clinical transformation around chronic disease best practices (training, screening, treatment, etc.)

Upstream Wellness /Prevention Strategies

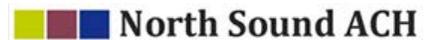
3A: Social marketing and public awareness
 3A: Safe medication storage and disposal
 3A: Improve opioid prescribing practices
 3A: Prevention education for youth
 3A: Increase availability and use of Naloxone

3B: One Key Question
 3B: Increasing Long-Acting Reversible Contraception (LARC) access

3D: Asthma home-based environmental intervention
 3D: Community-based chronic disease prevention and management programs

Program Council Charter

DRAFT – 7/17/2017



Building Healthier Communities
In Snohomish, Skagit, Island, San Juan & Whatcom Counties

Summary

The Program Council is chartered by the North Sound ACH Board of Directors to provide oversight for the planning, evaluation and on ongoing improvement of North Sound ACH programming and services. The Program Council carries out this purpose through serving as a brain trust for staff and board, meeting as a Council and providing input to the Board, and chartering workgroups and committees that further the work of the organization.

Responsibilities

The specific responsibilities of the Program Council include:

- **Recommend programing to the Board** that is consistent with the overall intent and values of the organization, and advances the organizational strategy as set forth by the Board. Most immediately, this involves recommending Medicaid Transformation projects that are aligned with HCA guidelines.
- As the North Sound ACH further develops its portfolio of programs and services in accordance with Board direction, the Provider Council will **anticipate and plan for new programs and partnerships**, particularly those that shift resources from clinical health care to social determinants of health.
- Ensure that the North Sound ACH is regularly using community health assessments and outcome **data to inform and continually improve** North Sound ACH programs and the health of the people living in the North Sound region.
- Ensure that there are opportunities for a broad cross-section of community organizations and people who are affected by North Sound ACH decisions to engage with the ACH and inform its programming and services. One way this is accomplished is through **convening workgroups**.
- Serve as a **community catalyst** for the North Sound ACH and seek avenues for convening cross-sector conversations about emerging topics of interest, (e.g. opportunities to change the balance of power and invest in provider, patient, and family partnership models of care; ways of promoting joy in the workplace; opportunities to return health care savings to other public purposes).

Resources

The Program Council workgroups and committees will receive technical assistance and staff support from the North Sound ACH staff.

Membership

Are we configured to fulfill the purpose as outlined above?

Operating principles:

“True North” statement

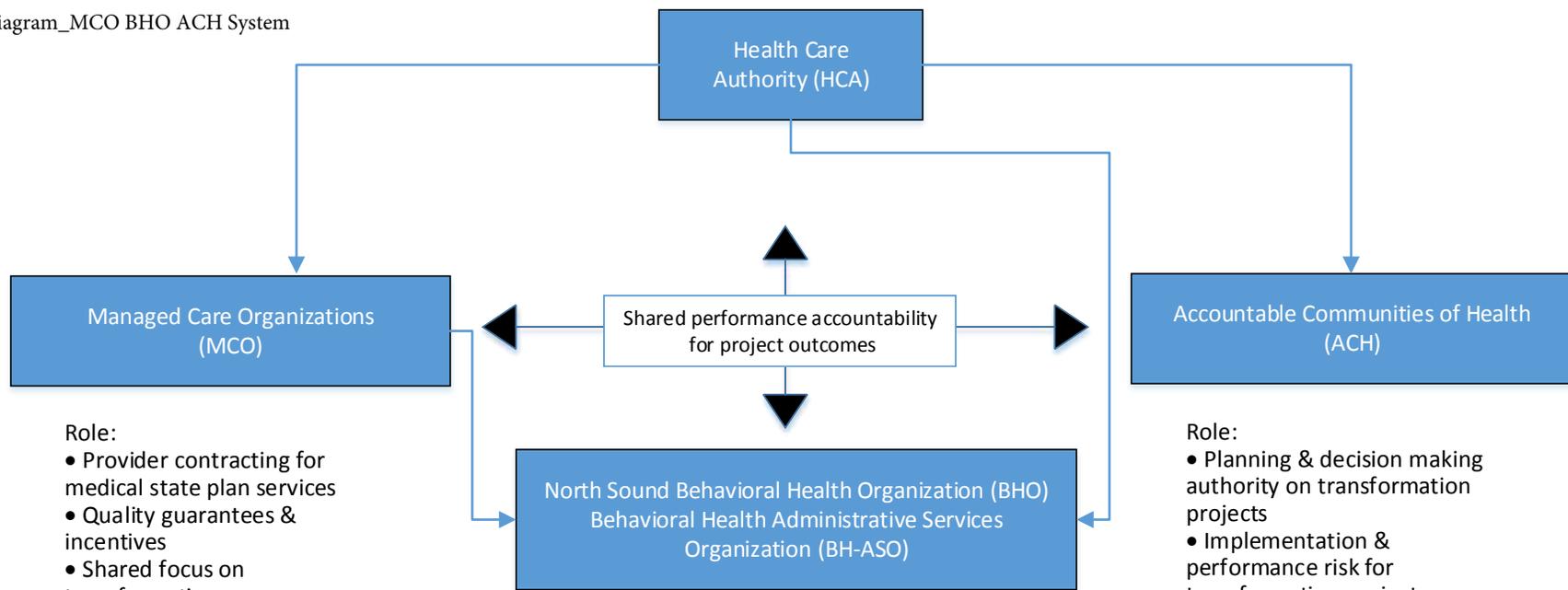
NSACH “True North” (approved at July Board meeting)

To improve health of the people who live in Island, San Juan, Snohomish, Skagit and Whatcom counties.

To achieve this goal, the North Sound ACH will:

- Work with private and public sector partners to create innovative and sustainable community-led solutions.
- Embed an equity lens, using strategies that advance equity and reduce disparities in operations, decisions and governance.
- Look upstream, midstream and downstream to identify solutions that include, and go beyond, traditional healthcare approaches.
- Embed the perspectives of clients, patients, and community members in operations, decisions and governance.
- Use ACH funds to leverage other opportunities for federal, state investments
- Operate in a lean, efficient manner that optimizes the ability of our partners to carry out the work toward transformation.

The North Sound ACH uses the WHO definition of health, which states that health is “a state of complete physical, mental, and social well-being and not merely the absence of disease or infirmity.”



Role:

- Provider contracting for medical state plan services
- Quality guarantees & incentives
- Shared focus on transformation
- Incentives to attain VBP goals

Revised Rate Setting

- % premium for provider incentives tied to quality
- % premium at risk for performance

Administer Crisis and Non-Medicaid Services
Coordinate regional planning for behavioral health services

Role:

- Maintain services that require blended funding, especially Medicaid, Non-Medicaid, and Local Funds
- Administer specialized behavioral health services that are more efficiently managed as part of a single system, e.g., PACT, WISe, Behavioral Health Residential Treatment facilities
- Coordinate with local government, hospital, EMS, court and jail systems to ensure responsiveness to local community needs and concerns
- Program utilization/oversite for services that directly impact WSH discharge, local systems
- Coordinate care for high needs/cost members that frequently move between MCOs and/or move between hospital, jail and the community - possibly as a "Behavioral Health Home"
- Identify & coordinate BH system improvements and workforce training, including increasing local capacity for crisis stabilization and residential treatment facilities
- Work with the MCOs to develop and implement value based payments for behavioral health services

Role:

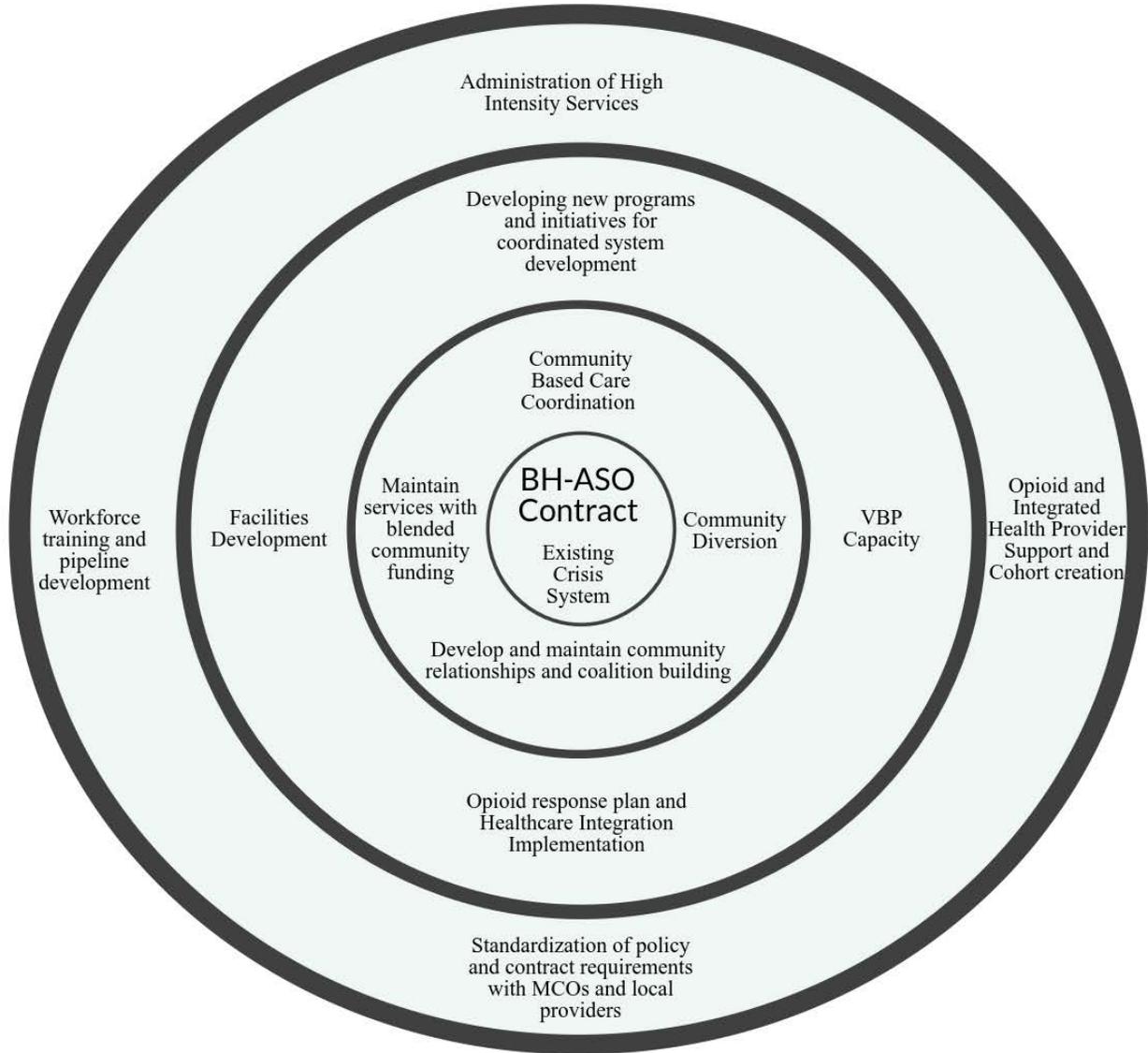
- Planning & decision making authority on transformation projects
- Implementation & performance risk for transformation projects
- Incentives for quality improvement & VBP targets
- Not responsible for state plan services



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Proposed North Sound BH-ASO Local Community Embedded Partner



1st Circle - Crisis Continuum of Care

2nd Circle - Community and Local Allied System Connections

3rd Circle - Community Capacity Building

4th Circle - Provider and Stakeholder Support

North Sound Proposed 2019 Behavioral Health – Administrative Services Organization

1. Crisis Continuum of Care

BH-ASO contracted crisis and non-Medicaid funded services

- Crisis Triage and Intervention Telephone line
- Mental Health and Substance Use Disorder Involuntary Treatment
- Designated Mental Health Professionals
- Court for Involuntary Treatment Act (ITA)
- Mobile Crisis teams – Crisis Prevention and Response Teams (CPIT)
- Crisis Stabilization Services (up to 14 days) for MH and SUD
- Peer to Peer “Warm line”
- Criminal Justice Treatment Account (CJTA)
- Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment (SAPT) Block Grant
- General Fund State (GFS) services
- Mental Health Block Grant (MHBG)
- Jail Transition and Pre-release Services
- Outreach to Individuals Using Intravenous Drugs
- Crisis line connection to 911
- Regional Ombuds Services

Existing continuum of care for regional crisis services

- Detox (Acute and Subacute)
- Triage Centers
- Engagement with local CHronic-Utilizer Alternative Response Team (CHART) and Ground level Response And Coordinated Engagement (GRACE)
- Local Evaluation and Treatment Center
- Crisis Chat
- San Juan Crisis Engagement

2. Community and Local Allied System Connections

Develop and maintain community relationships and coalition building

- County Allied System Coordination
- Community planning liaison, including the following (please see Appendix A for a sample list of meetings):
 - Engagement with Home and Community Services (HCS)
 - Developmental Disabilities Administration (DDA)
 - Area Agency on Aging (AAA)
 - Accountable Community of Health (ACH)
 - County Public Health systems
 - Children’s Administration
 - City Government
 - Law enforcement agencies
 - Department of Corrections(DOC)
 - Jail systems
 - Tribes
 - Hospital system and Emergency Room

- Emergency Medical Service regarding system interactions and community needs.

Services that require blended funding to maintain: County 1/10th, Medicaid, Non-Medicaid

- Integrated Dual Disorder Treatment (IDDT)
- School Based Services
- Geriatric Transition Program (GTP)
- Residential Housing Support
- Jail Transitions
- Treatment Services in the Jails
- Hospital Care Transitions
- Medicaid Personal Care (MPC)
- Coordinated Disaster Response
- Programs funded in part by Dedicated Marijuana Account dollars
- Residential SUD treatment
- Tribal programs

Diversion and Care Coordination

- Children’s Long-term Inpatient Program (CLIP) screening and diversion
- Western State Hospital screening and diversion
- Western State Hospital discharge into the local community liaison
- Western State Hospital peer bridgers
- Drug court diversions
- Jail discharge coordination
- Coordinating homeless services in the region
- Hospital Care Transitions
- Geriatric Transition Program

Community based Care Coordination Model [see FIMC contract sections 9.15.6.2 and all of section 14]

Three Care Coordination Vignettes are available in Appendix B of this document.

Care Coordination promotes behavioral health recovery by identifying and addressing issues that create barriers and interfere with care. Care coordinators organize care activities and share information with service teams in alignment with the needs and preferences of those individuals receiving services to the greatest possible degree. Interventions are performed at both the individual and the system level, and assume a community-based focus on the social determinants of health. Care coordinators’ activities include:

1. Participation in meetings with allied systems, including collaboration on projects intended to address barriers which interfere with recovery efforts;
2. Data gathering, including review of treatment records and contact with members of service teams;
3. Consultation with North Sound BHO clinical staff and subject matter experts outside of North Sound BHO;
4. Providing service recommendations;
5. Requiring follow-up from BHAs; and

6. Providing quality improvement information to drive system expansion, enhancement, or improvement (e.g. new programs and quality improvement initiatives)

3. Community Capacity Building

Identified needs for future system development

- First episode psychosis program
- Transitional aged youth specialty services
- Substance use disorder crisis services
- Evidence based practice support on Dialectical Behavior Therapy (DBT) for personality disorders
- Cognitive Behavioral Therapy (CBT) for psychosis
- Increased Peer workforce and integration
- Older adult specialty services capacity
- Developmental Disability comorbid treatment capacity
- Refine youth medication prescribing protocols/standards for the region
- Expansion of School Based Behavioral Health Services
- Increasing capacity for health screenings, health counseling in behavioral health
- Use of Premanage/Emergency Department Information Exchange in behavioral health clinics
- Facility development for individuals with behavioral health disorders, including Recovery Houses for persons discharging from SUD residential treatment facilities
- Secure detox facilities
- Step down beds to reduce hospitalization length and use of Western State Hospital beds
- Further development of behavioral health resources in geographically difficult areas
- Co-occurring workforce expansion
- Wraparound with Intensive Services (WISe) expansion
- Opioid plan implementation
- SUD Residential expansion
- Regional crisis facility expansion
- Provider IT/IS system development and support
- Central grievance review for system improvement
- Central data clearinghouse, standardized format and transmission of data for the region
- Develop a recovery oriented system of care

Local BHA support and coordination to improve value based purchasing capacity

- Engage BHA providers in the implementation of screeners and measurement tools for VBP
- Partner in the creating of data systems and operational capacity to collect and submit quality data
- Craft VBP contract language for regional/statewide use by the MCOs

Capacity building for community disaster response

4. Provider and Stakeholder Support: Local provider connection, standardization between MCOs, and community linkage

Opioid and Integrated Health Provider Support and Cohort creation

- Coordinating provider response with community development
- Operations support to BHAs and physical health providers

Local workforce training and development

- Management of Aggressive Behavior (MOAB) training
- Provider Privacy, Compliance and IT training
- Training medical staff on behavioral health conditions to decrease stigma in primary care settings
- Training BHAs in implementation of Integrated Healthcare
- Evidence Based Practice trainings
- Relias online training system
- Co-Occurring workforce support – existing community college fast-track program
- Workforce pipeline development – Partnering with local colleges and high schools
- WISe training staff development
- County trainings provided to community partners

Administration of local high intensity services

- Program for Assertive Community Treatment (PACT)
- Wraparound with Intensive Services (WISe)
- Mental Health Residential Services
- Substance Abuse Residential Services
- Integrated Dual Disorder Treatment (IDDT)
- Programs to Aid in the Transition from Homelessness (PATH)
- Community Outreach and Recovery Support (CORS)

Other Information

Programs have multiple components:

1. Creation of the contract
2. Agreed rates and payment
3. Oversight of services (audits)
4. Quality improvement
5. Data processing
6. Coordination of Community supports to program

North Sound Proposed Behavioral Health – Administrative Services Organization

Appendix 1

Meeting	Frequency
Advisory Board	monthly
Aging and Long-Term Support Administration (AL TSA)/Area Agency on Aging (AAA)/Development Disabilities Administration (DDA)/North Sound BHO	quarterly
BHO Grievance & Appeals System meeting with Ombuds	monthly
Child and Adolescent Needs and Strengths (CANS) Coaching, with PRAED	monthly
Children's Administration	quarterly
Children's Care Coordination (CCC) and Center for Mental Health Services	quarterly
Children's Long-term Inpatient Program (CLIP) Screening Committee	monthly
Children's Wellness Committee (Snohomish County)	monthly
Consumer Information System (CIS) Provider Workgroup	quarterly
County Authorities Executive Committee (CAEC)	monthly
County Coordinators	monthly
Department of Corrections (DOC)/Mental Health (MH) Collaboration	quarterly
Developmental Disabilities Administration (DDA)	quarterly
Division of Vocational Rehabilitation	to be determined
DMHP court work Snoh county	quarterly
Family, Youth, System Partner Roundtable (FYSPRT)	3x per month
Grace project Whatcom	monthly
Integrated Provider Meeting	quarterly
Island County 1/10th Committee	varies, from monthly to bimonthly
LE-911 meeting with all counties	varies/monthly
Medicaid Quality Management (MQM) Forum with DBHR and EQR vendor	varies, quarterly to semi-annually
Medical Directors	to be determined
North Sound Accountable Community of Health (NSACH) Board of Directors	monthly
North Sound Accountable Community of Health (NSACH) Executive Committee	monthly
North Sound Accountable Community of Health (NSACH) Finance Committee	monthly
North Sound Accountable Community of Health (NSACH) Program Council	bi-weekly
North Sound Youth and Family Coalition (YFC)	monthly
Ombuds	monthly

Planning Committee	temporarily suspended
Meeting	Frequency
PRAED	weekly
Quality Management Oversight Committee (QMOC)	monthly
Regional Integrated Crisis Response System (ICRS)	bimonthly
Regional Integrated Crisis Response System (ICRS) Legal/Policy Workgroup	bimonthly
Regional local crisis meetings/oversight San Juan, Island Whatcom, Skagit and Snohomish counties(ED/LE/jail community participation)	varies, from bimonthly to quarterly
Regional Pysch Utilization Management (UM) Workgroup	to be determined
Regional Training Committee	quarterly
San Juan Services	quarterly
School Based Coaching (Skagit)	2x per month
Skagit County 1/10th Committee	quarterly
Skagit County Housing Affordability Leadership Group	biannually
Skagit County Law & Justice Council	monthly
Skagit County Permanent Supportive Housing subcommittee	quarterly
Skagit County Population Health Trust	monthly
Skagit Executive Committee	quarterly
Snohomish County Triage Oversight	bimonthly
Substance Use Disorder (SUD) Providers	monthly
Tribal Meeting	bimonthly
Western State Hospital (WSH) Discharge Planning	quarterly
Whatcom incarceration task force	monthly
Whatcom incarceration task force triage workgroup	monthly
Wrap Around with Intensive Services (WISe) Coaching with Washington State University (WSU)	monthly
Wrap Around with Intensive Services (WISe) Leadership	monthly
Wrap Around with Intensive Services (WISe) Quality Improvement with DBHR and PRAED	monthly

North Sound Proposed Behavioral Health – Administrative Services Organization

Appendix 2

Care Coordination Vignette #1

Beth is a 26 year old woman with diagnoses of Borderline Personality Disorder, Anorexia Nervosa, and Major Depressive Disorder. She has self-injurious behaviors and a history of trauma that began in early adolescence. Beth went through periods where she would jump out of moving vehicles on the freeway or fill her pockets with stones and walk into Puget Sound in crowded areas. Once, she called her outpatient provider and told them she was on a train track where she planned to allow herself to be hit by a train. Since the provider did not know where she was, the entire system was shut down until she was located. Beth often presented at the emergency department requesting inpatient psychiatric admission. Mental health professionals working on her case agreed that being in the inpatient environment has the effect of amplifying her distress and subsequent behaviors. When a bed could not be located for her, Beth would escalate in the emergency department by threatening to jump out into traffic or, once, by assaulting hospital staff. Designated mental health professionals felt they had no choice but to detain her. The BHO became involved after Beth was involuntarily hospitalized and placed on a 90 MR.

Despite agreement between the BHO and Western State Hospital that the WSH environment was not appropriate for Beth, the local inpatient unit would not agree to discharge her to the community. The BHO facilitated conversation between the inpatient unit, Western State Hospital, and the outpatient provider. The inpatient unit continued to be unwilling to discharge, insisting on transfer to WSH. The BHO was able to develop a plan in which Beth would be transferred for a very short stay at WSH, and developed an agreement with the outpatient provider that Beth could have a bed at a Residential Treatment Facility on a temporary basis as the agency worked with her to get her into Dialectical Behavioral Therapy, contract with an outpatient eating disorder provider as those services were not available within the BHO network, and work with Beth to help her reach her goals of independent living.

The BHO followed the case for the next 2 years, assisting the outpatient provider in educating professionals in other systems (DMHPs, hospitals, EMTs, Firefighters, etc.) on how to respond to Beth's self-harm in a way that didn't amplify it. The BHO assisted the outpatient provider in obtaining out of network eating disorder treatment, pausing the treatment when her behaviors became so pronounced that she was nearly always medically hospitalized, and then resuming eating disorder treatment when she was able. Beth was ultimately able to move into independent housing. Throughout this period in her treatment, the BHO helped coordinate and educate providers; maintain accountability within the system; trouble-shoot provider disagreements; and work through obstacles related to service availability. The BHO emphasized Beth's involvement in the process, and focused on her recovery and independence.

Care Coordination Vignette #2

Ryan is a 41 year old man with diagnoses of schizophrenia and intellectual disability. He has a criminal history as a level 2 sex offender and has been arrested several times for assault. He was not interested in mental health treatment, and his case had been closed with his most recent provider. He has no family support. When homeless, he spends time with a group of people that give him drugs. He is enrolled with the Developmental Disabilities Administration (DDA) and qualifies for residential treatment. They do not know when a bed will be available. Ryan is frequently in and out of both the hospital and jail.

The BHO worked with the jail, DDA, and an outpatient provider to create and effect a plan to maintain community safety while supporting Ryan's ability to access the least restrictive treatment. The BHO had an outpatient provider go to the jail to conduct an intake and plan for discharge to a motel with intensive supports. He was released from jail, but then arrested again after he punched an employee at the motel he was staying at. Pressure was mounting from

the jail to find a disposition as it was clear Ryan would not be found competent due to his intellectual disability. He did not present with any signs of psychosis, however. Fortunately, DDA was able to find a bed shortly thereafter, and the BHO worked with the BHO in the region he was moving to in order to ensure continuity of his mental health services.

Care Coordination Vignette #3

The BHO identified that our contracted mental health residential treatment facilities were not serving as a resource for Western State Hospital discharges. There were rarely beds available, and when they were, the providers were often unwilling to accept individuals with such complex, intensive needs. The BHO began a process of more closely managing the RTF utilization, which included care coordination assistance for many of the members.

The BHO helped to coordinate discharges – for example, helping one long term resident who only spoke Russian to locate a culturally-appropriate adult family home placement, and ensuring that the established rate and other parameters were conducive to a long-term placement. BHO also worked to coordinate admissions into the RTF, ensuring that necessary supports were in place to allow the RTF to successfully treat individuals with complex needs. This included facilitating collaboration with the crisis system; mental health providers with specialty expertise; local law enforcement; local hospitals; and health care providers.

After a year and a half of intensive oversight and many care coordination efforts, the RTFs established a reasonable discharge rate, and developed their ability to serve complex individuals. They were able to resume independently managing their census, and now serve as an excellent resource for WSH discharges and other individuals with intensive needs. The BHO continues to provide care coordination on an as-needed basis.

DRAFT